

Instructions for Uploading Files for *American Indian Rock Art*

The text of your paper should be submitted as Microsoft Word-compatible files such as .doc, .docx, or .rtf. We also can accept WordPerfect files. For other programs such as Pages or Open Office, use “Save As” to make Word files.

Submit photos and graphics as .tif files or .jpg files saved at the maximum quality level. **Do not reduce the size or quality of your photo files.**

You may send individual files or group them together in a large Zip file.

1. When you have files ready to submit to the editors, you may submit them online via our DropBox upload link at:

<https://www.dropbox.com/request/7DO6TTUZ75TsF3hhUoRr>

You do not have to be a member of Dropbox to use this feature.

2. Follow the link and you will see the page in Figure 1.

3. Select “Choose files.” This will open a browse window so you can navigate to the location of your files.

NOTE: If you are a Dropbox member and are signed in, you will see the choices “Choose from computer” and “Choose from Dropbox.”

4. In the browse window select one or more files and click “Open.” The file(s) will appear in the upload window (Figure 2).

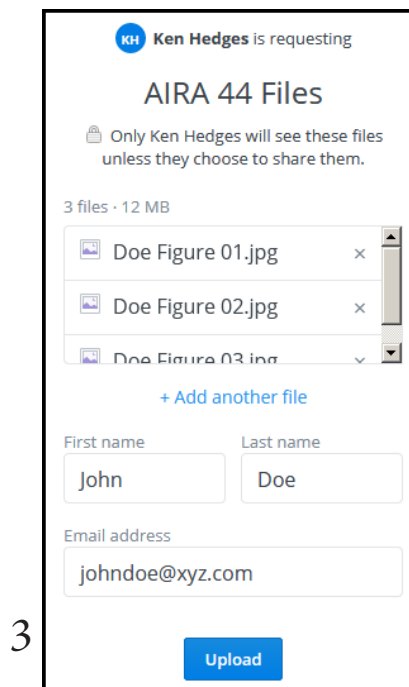
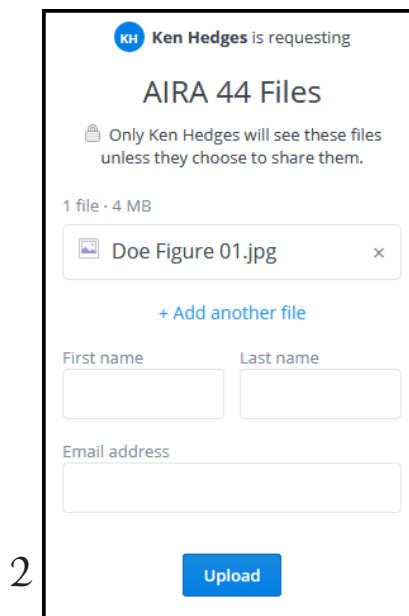
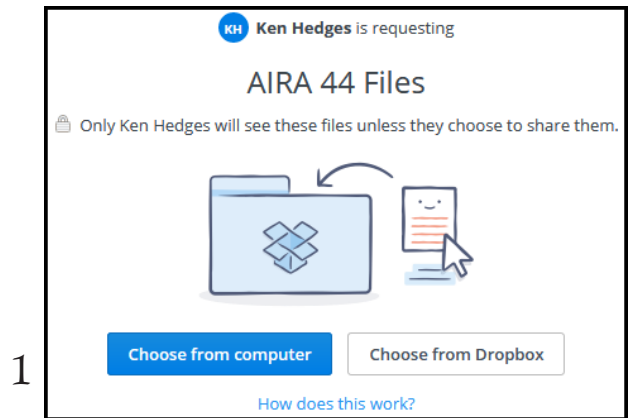
5. To add additional file(s), select “Add another file.”

6. When all files are listed (Figure 3), enter your name and e-mail address and click the “Upload” button. You will see a confirmation message when the upload is finished.

NOTE: Your name and e-mail address identify you as the sender of the files. Dropbox will use this information to ask you to sign up for a Dropbox account, but you can ignore the offer and simply close your browser window. If you are already signed in to your own Dropbox account, your name and e-mail address will be displayed automatically.

If your files are not too large or few in number, you may send them as e-mail attachments to the ararapublications address—we can receive fairly large files. If you experience any difficulties in uploading files, please address me at the same address.

—Ken Hedges, Publications Chair
ararapublications@rockart.us



AMERICAN ROCK ART RESEARCH ASSOCIATION STYLE GUIDE

www.ARARA.org

For *American Indian Rock Art* volumes questions, address Publications Chair Ken Hedges at
ararapublications@rockart.us

For *La Pintura* consult www.arara.org or a recent issue for the current editor

The American Rock Art Research Association requires that authors follow these format rules to make our job easier in getting the book ready for printing:

General Guidelines

1. Prepare your manuscript as a single digital document with these sections: Title, Byline, Affiliation, Abstract, Text, Acknowledgments, Notes (if any), References Cited, and Captions. For Affiliation, provide an abbreviated statement of affiliation or other identifying information that may be used in conjunction with your name on the first page of your paper. Send your manuscript as a clean, standard word processing file (WordPerfect .wpd file, Microsoft Word .doc or .docx file, or Rich Text .rtf file).
2. Put all photographs and drawings (including maps) in one series of "Figures" with a separate series of "Tables" if applicable. Do not abbreviate "Figure" and do not use Roman numerals for numbering. Number figures and tables in the order in which they are called out in the text. Captions must use the following format (flush left, "Figure" plus number followed by a period, one space, and caption text):
Figure 1. This is an example of caption formatting.
3. Do not use footnotes; avoid end notes if possible. If information is important enough to be said, try to work it into the text. Identify note references with parentheses in text: (Note 1). DO NOT use any "notes" numbering functions in your word processor and do not format Note numbers as superscripts.
4. DO NOT TYPE ANYTHING IN ALL CAPS (not even the title), and do not format text in any way: Do not enter codes or styles for type size, font, paragraph definitions, indents, columns, and similar formatting. Do not use headers, footers, superscripts, or page numbering.
5. Do not center text. Type everything flush left **except** main heads, which should be centered so we can distinguish them from subheads.
6. Place a single tab at the beginning of each paragraph.
7. Try to restrict use of headings to main headings and subheadings only. Third-level headings are discouraged. Do not use a main head such as "Introduction" at the beginning of your paper—initial paragraphs are assumed to be introductory in nature and initial headings before first text are eliminated.
8. Check spelling, punctuation, and grammar carefully.
 - Spacing after punctuation: no space after colon used between year and page number, single space after **all** other punctuation. Do not use double spaces after periods or anywhere else in your text.
 - We use serial commas, so be sure to use the final comma in series such as "cats, dogs, and horses."
 - The phrase "as well as" cannot be substituted for "and" in a series, but can be used to extend a series:
Correct: "...dogs, cats, and horses." Incorrect: "...dogs, cats, as well as horses."
Correct: "...dogs, cats, and horses, as well as pigeons and doves."

- Names referenced in conjunction with titles or other descriptive terms are set off by commas if the title or other term is preceded by “the,” “a,” or “an” (often indicating that the individual is part of a generalized group) and the sentence still makes sense if the name is removed. If the title or descriptive term refers exclusively to the individual and the sentence does not make sense with the name removed, commas are not used. Compare:

“The project archaeologist, John Smith, said the site was ancient...” (“The project archaeologist said the site was ancient...” still makes sense and is grammatically correct).

“Project archaeologist John Smith said the site was ancient...” (“Project archaeologist said the site was ancient...” is not grammatically correct).

- Periods and commas always go inside quotation marks. All other punctuation marks go outside quotation marks unless they are part of the original quotation.
- Primary quotation marks are always double quotation marks—use single quotation marks only for quotes within quotes.
- Abbreviations require periods: a.m., p.m., U.S., U.S.A., A.D., B.C., C.E., B.C.E.
- Standard acronyms and initialisms do not use periods: SDRAA, ARARA, IFRAO, AMS, OSL, ASL, AOL, GIS, UNESCO, etc.
- For times, use full format including the colon (:), followed by a space and the abbreviation in lower case letters: 8:00 a.m., 11:30 p.m., etc. (not A.M. or AM, not P.M. or PM).
- Always spell out state and province names. DO NOT use two-letter Post Office codes for state names: California, NOT CA; Arizona, NOT AZ, etc. Use Postal codes ONLY in addresses.
- For dates, note that A.D. comes before the year, B.C., C.E., and B.C.E. all come after the year. For date ranges, use all digits in the years: 1996–1998 (NOT 1996–8 or 1996–98).
- Be careful when writing date ranges in text: “from” always requires “to” and “between” always requires “and.” Do not mix words and dashes for date ranges. Examples:
 “...from 1995 to 1998” or “...between 2005 and 2007.” NOT “...from 1999–1998”
 NOT “...between 2005–2007.”
- Internet usage: Internet, Web, website, webmaster, e-mail, URL (Internet and Web are capitalized).
- For other matters of style, follow recent volumes in the *American Indian Rock Art* series, the SAA Style Guide, and, for points not covered elsewhere, the Chicago Manual of Style.

9. Pay close attention to bibliographic citations in text:

- Place year and page numbers close to author's name:
 "Smith (1985:23-25) says..." or "...it was said (Smith 1985:23-25) that..."
- For citations in text, use (1985) for reference to an entire source, (1985:23) for a single page, (1985:23-25) for a series of pages, and (1985:23, 27) or (1985:23-25, 29) for discontinuous pages. There is no space after colons (:) but there is a space after commas (,) in citations. For more than one reference by a single author in one year, use 1985a, 1985b, 1985c, etc. Use n.d. if reference is not dated, e.g., Jones (n.d.:23-25) or (Jones n.d.:23-25).

- For multiple sources in citations, list references in alphabetical order by author or primary author. Use semicolons to separate citations to different authors.
- For multiple sources by the same author, list in numerical order by date. Use commas to separate dates of references by the same author.
- For text citations to references with three or more authors, use et al.: "(Smith et al. 1998)"

10. Place personal communications in the text, using full name of the source:

"...according to Joe Smith (personal communication 1985)."

or

"...has been noted (Joe Smith, personal communication 1985)."

References Cited

Special Notes for References Cited:

- Use "References Cited" as the title for your bibliography. Include *all* references cited and *only* those cited. ***Double-check the accuracy of your references, and then check them again.***
- Provide the full first name of all authors and editors unless you absolutely cannot find them. With multiple authors/editors, only the first author/editor is given with last name first.
- For date of publication, be sure to distinguish between actual date of publication and dates of later *printings* (as opposed to *editions*). If there is confusion, use the copyright date as the final authority. A second or later printing does not affect the date of publication, even if it appears on the title page (as in some early books). Subsequent or revised *editions* (as opposed to *printings*) constitute separate volumes and are cited with the date of the edition.
- **DO NOT use italics or other word styles (underlines, quotes, etc.) in the titles of your References Cited UNLESS** words are *italicized*, underlined, or placed in quotation marks in original Reference titles. We will take care of applying italics to book and journal titles when we format your chapter, but you may provide them if you wish. Roman numerals used in references are cited as Arabic numerals, i.e., "Volume XXX" is cited as "Volume 30."
- Use page numbers only for journal articles, papers in collected works, and other sources which consist of less than an entire number of a volume. If a reference is an entire number of a serial publication, use only the volume and number in citing it in References Cited.
- For publisher information, give name of publisher first, followed by comma and city of publication. For publishers, company information such as Co., Inc., and Ltd. are not necessary. State of publication following city is not necessary unless the city is not well known. City of publication is not necessary for journals. For references such as anthropological paper series, city and publisher generally are not necessary unless obscure; if in doubt, include them.
- Works translated from another language may have the phrase "Translated by...." and the name of the translator inserted following the title.
- Do not include personal communications in References Cited. If it is necessary to clearly identify the person cited or specify why he or she is an authority, use the Acknowledgments for this purpose (e.g., "I wish to thank Joe Smith, Director of the Smith Research Foundation, for his comments...").

- In certain cases, the word "Volume" or "Part" appears as part of a book title and is NOT abbreviated. Examples: Rock Art Papers, Volume 1; American Indian Rock Art, Volume 37; Pictographs and Petroglyphs of the Oregon Country, Part 1.
- **Note especially formatting for the three major rock art publications in the United States:** *American Indian Rock Art* (ARARA), *Utah Rock Art* (URARA Volume 1 through Volume 33; subsequent papers are published individually as online documents only), and *Rock Art Papers* (San Diego Museum of Man through Volume 17, San Diego Rock Art Association from Volume 18 on). **These are not journals.** They are individually edited volumes with separate editors, and **the Volume number is part of the title.** Use the following examples as models in formatting references to these volumes:

For American Indian Rock Art:

Conti, Kevin

2015 In the Den of the Spirit Bear. In *American Indian Rock Art*, Volume 41, edited by James D. Keyser and David A. Kaiser, pp. 87-97. American Rock Art Research Association, San Jose, California.

For Utah Rock Art:

Jenkinson, Richard

2012 Rock Art on an Ancient Migratory Route. In *Utah Rock Art*, Volume 30, edited by Joe Brame, Christine Oravec, and Nina Bowen, pp. 29-75. Utah Rock Art Research Association, Salt Lake City.

For Rock Art Papers (Museum of Man volumes, which are also in a separate paper series):

Christensen, Don D.

2005 Preliminary Report on Cupules in North-Central Arizona. In *Rock Art Papers*, Volume 17, edited by Ken Hedges, pp. 71-80. San Diego Museum Papers 43. San Diego Museum of Man, San Diego.

For Rock Art Papers (San Diego Rock Art Association volumes, which are standalone books):

Ewing, Eve

2016 The Heads of Snakes. In *Rock Art Papers*, Volume 18, edited by Ken Hedges, pp. 101-114. San Diego Rock Art Association, San Diego.

- Use examples below as models when preparing your References Cited. **In preparing References Cited, FOLLOW THE SIMPLE BLOCK FORMAT SHOWN BELOW. DO NOT INDENT THE DATE OR ANY LINES OF TEXT. DO NOT USE ANY KIND OF AUTOMATIC FORMATTING OR HANGING INDENTS.**

For journals or magazines:

Smith, Joe

1985 Recording Rock Art. *American Antiquity* 27(3):5-10.

- >**Note:** 27(3):5-10 means Vol. 27, No. 3, pp. 5-10; use this abbreviated form in citing journals.

For books:

Jones, Sam

1985 *Petroglyphs of the New World: The Study of Prehistoric Artistic Traditions*. Random House, New York.

For edited volumes of collected works:

Jones, Sam, and Joe Smith, eds.

1985 *The World of Rock Art*. University of Arizona Press, Tucson.

For a work in a collection:

Williams, Bill

1985 Notes on American Rock Art. In *The World of Rock Art*, edited by Sam Jones and Joe Smith, pp. 15-22. University of Arizona Press, Tucson.

>**Note:** For edited volumes, note the correct order of In, book title, editor name(s), and page numbers.

For a book or paper in a series:

Smith, Joe

1985 *The Study of Rock Art*. Anthropological Papers of Midlands University 24.

For a book or paper in a multiple series or series within a series:

Jones, Sam

1985 *Utah Rock Art*. Anthropological Papers of Midlands University 25, Rock Art Research Series 10.

For subsequent and revised editions:

>**Note:** If a book is identified as a second or later edition or as a revised edition, this information must be included in the citation. In the following examples, note the edition identification and the differences in the subtitles (1984 edition was published without subtitle).

Crosby, Harry W.

1975 *The Cave Paintings of Baja California: The Great Murals of an Unknown People*. Copley Books, La Jolla, California.

Crosby, Harry W.

1984 *The Cave Paintings of Baja California*. Revised Edition. Copley Books, La Jolla, California.

Crosby, Harry W.

1997 *The Cave Paintings of Baja California: Discovering the Great Murals of an Unknown People*. Revised and Expanded Edition. Sunbelt Publications, San Diego, California.

For facsimile reprints:

>**Note:** Facsimile reprints are exact reproductions of the original with original pagination. Cite them as if they were the originals, but provide date and publisher of the reprint along with any additional useful information at the end of the citation, as shown in the examples below.

Spier, Leslie

1933 *Yuman Tribes of the Gila River*. University of Chicago Press, Chicago. Facsimile reprint 1978, Dover Publications, New York.

Russell, Frank

1908 *The Pima Indians*. Annual Report of the Bureau of American ethnology 26:3-389. Facsimile reprint 1978 with new Introduction and Bibliography by Bernard L. Fontana, University of Arizona Press, Tucson.

For other reprint editions:

>**Note:** If a reference has been reprinted with new typesetting and pagination, cite it as a new book using the date of the reprint, but provide the date of the original source as part of the citation.

Austin, Mary

1974 *Land of Little Rain*. University of New Mexico Press, Albuquerque. Reprint edition, original publication 1903, Houghton, Mifflin and Company, Boston and New York.

For PDFs and photocopies:

>**Note:** PDFs and photocopies that reproduce original publications are cited exactly as original sources and require no further annotation. If you obtain a PDF from an Internet source, you may provide the URL (see electronic documents, below) as a courtesy to your readers.

For theses and dissertations:

Smith, Joe

1975 *An Analysis of Western Rock Art*. Ph.D. Dissertation, San Diego State University.

For electronic documents:

>**Note:** Provide information for author, date, title, and publisher as completely as possible depending on the website. If author is not given use the name of the website. For year of publication, provide date specified on website, copyright date, or date of access (in that order of preference). For standard publications such as newspapers and magazines, give the name of the publication followed by “(online).” Provide URL preceded by “Electronic document,” and followed by date of access. Copy URLs directly into the citation and do not artificially break lines to make them fit the page—leave them the way your word processor imports them. Examples:

Archaeology Southwest

2014 *Protecting Places on the Land: Quail Point*. Archaeology Southwest, Tucson, Arizona. Electronic document, <http://www.archaeologysouthwest.org/what-we-do/initiatives/protected/quail-point/>, accessed June 30, 2014.

Zimmer, Carl

2013 *Baffling 400,000-Year-Old Clue to Human Origins*. New York Times (online). Electronic document, <http://www.nytimes.com/2013/12/05/science/at-400000-years-oldest-human-dna-yet-found-raises-new-mysteries.html>, accessed December 6, 2013.

Murray, William Breen

2013 *Pasos en el Camino: Arte Rupestre en el Corredor de la Sierra Madre Oriental (Noreste de México)*. Rupestreweb, Bogota, Colombia. Electronic document, <http://www.rupestreweb.info/sierramadreoriental.html>, accessed November 4, 2013.

For unpublished manuscripts:

Jones, Sam

n.d. *Notes on Rock Art Research*. Unpublished manuscript in the possession of... [or] Unpublished manuscript on file at....

>**Note:** If a manuscript is clearly dated, use the date in citing it. We strongly discourage citation of manuscripts that are found only in possession of the author. If possible, a copy of a cited manuscript should be deposited in a library or archive where it is accessible to other researchers.

Illustrations

1. Prepare illustrations as high quality digital files, preferably in tiff (.tif) format. If you must use jpeg (.jpg), save files at the highest quality setting (level 10 or above). Do not downsize files or reduce resolution or quality levels. **We prefer camera original files** (highest quality jpeg or tiff converted from RAW files) and **we always prefer files larger than required for final reproduction** to give us as much digital information as possible for editing. We suggest that you do not edit your files for clarity, contrast, color correction, gamma correction, and saturation. We will edit your files in Photoshop for the best results tailored to our publication.

2. **Enhancement and DStretch:** If photos have been specially enhanced, specify that fact in your caption. For DStretch enhancements, provide the specific enhancement used for your image.

Example: “DStretch LRD enhancement.”

3. **Save illustration files with your last name and the Figure number in the file name.** Pad numbers with leading zeros in the file name so all numbers have two digits.

Example: “Smith Figure 01.tif”

4. To submit large files over the Internet, follow the detailed instructions on the first page of this Style Guide. Consult the editor with any questions. If you are already a registered Dropbox user you can submit files directly using their system.

5. Scan color images in 24-bit RGB color space and black-and-white in 8-bit grayscale. Save scanned files in tiff format. For scans from 35mm slides or film, scan at 2400 dpi or higher. For scans from prints, scan at 600 dpi.

>**Note:** many scanners default to low-resolution and low-quality jpeg files. Always adjust your scanner to save in tiff or the highest quality jpeg format, using the minimum suggested resolutions.

6. Scan line art at 1200 dpi in a size to provide at least full-column or full-page width, depending on the subject; we recommend full page size from the original scan. **ALWAYS** scan line art in bitmap tiff mode (also called line art or black & white mode). **NEVER send line art as a jpeg or as a grayscale or color tiff file**—the most common error we see is line art submitted as low-resolution jpeg files in RGB color space. You must adjust your scanner settings to produce high-resolution line art files.

7. **Learn to view your files in terms of total pixel count.** Minimum suggested widths expressed in total number of pixels are given here:

Line art:	5400 pixels minimum	8200 pixels for full page width
Grayscale/color	1400 pixels minimum	2200 pixels for full page width

8. Try to avoid large horizontal-format illustrations that must be placed sideways on the page, but do not hesitate to submit them if necessary for the content of the paper. If any other unusual format seems necessary, consult the editor.

9. **Do not add letters (a, b, c, d, etc.), labels, or arrows to digital photos or illustrations.** We will add these per your placement instructions to maintain consistency in book design.

10. Tables should be submitted as high resolution line art or as simple text layouts. Avoid complicated or highly detailed tables. Consult the editor with any questions.

Copyright

For *American Indian Rock Art* volumes, we will publish your paper with one-time permission assigned to the American Rock Art Research Association for use only in a copyrighted compilation of papers, with no claim on content. All authors will be asked to sign a transfer of permission for *single use of the manuscript submitted for publication*. All other rights to the manuscript and the information it contains, including illustrations, remain with the author(s). This transfer does not affect future use of the same manuscript, the same layout, or any version of the information contained therein. If the same paper is reprinted in some other publication or posted online, the Association asks that publication be delayed until after the *American Indian Rock Art* volume is released. Any re-use of the published version of your paper must retain the information line at the bottom of the first page acknowledging first publication in the *American Indian Rock Art* volume.

Submit all manuscripts and illustrative materials to:

Ken Hedges, Publications Chair
American Indian Rock Art
ararapublications@rockart.us

For *La Pintura* consult www.arara.org or a recent issue for the current editor

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